Agrarian Reform An Imperative For Development: A Struggle | 643053002cf0f9000a0ca5484f7c61d1

Institutions in Transformation: Star Radical Land Reform, Justice, and Re-Linking Land, Food, and the Commons

This book showcases the importance of agrarian research within the context of the growing body of work on the social, economic, and political dimensions of land reform. It provides a critical analysis of the extent to which rural development trajectories have in the past and are now promoting a change in rural production processes, the accumulation of rural resources, and the transformation of rural society. It examines the role of land reform in promoting food security and rural development, and the challenges and opportunities of achieving this through a focus on land rights, rural governance, and community participation. It also offers a critical perspective on the role of international organizations and donor agencies in shaping land reform policies and programs, and highlights the importance of local knowledge and experiences in shaping effective land reform initiatives.

Foreign Assistance Legislation for Fiscal Years 1988-89: without special title

This book provides a critical analysis of the role of foreign assistance in shaping land reform policies and programs, and highlights the importance of local knowledge and experiences in shaping effective land reform initiatives. It explores the role of foreign assistance in shaping land reform policies and programs, and highlights the importance of local knowledge and experiences in shaping effective land reform initiatives. It examines the role of international organizations and donor agencies in shaping land reform policies and programs, and highlights the importance of local knowledge and experiences in shaping effective land reform initiatives. It also offers a critical perspective on the role of international organizations and donor agencies in shaping land reform policies and programs, and highlights the importance of local knowledge and experiences in shaping effective land reform initiatives.

Agrarian Reform An Imperative For Development: A Struggle

Institutions in Transformation: Star Radical Land Reform, Justice, and Re-Linking Land, Food, and the Commons

This book provides a critical analysis of the extent to which rural development trajectories have in the past and are now promoting a change in rural production processes, the accumulation of rural resources, and the transformation of rural society. It examines the role of land reform in promoting food security and rural development, and the challenges and opportunities of achieving this through a focus on land rights, rural governance, and community participation. It also offers a critical perspective on the role of international organizations and donor agencies in shaping land reform policies and programs, and highlights the importance of local knowledge and experiences in shaping effective land reform initiatives.

Foreign Assistance Legislation for Fiscal Years 1988-89: without special title

This book provides a critical analysis of the role of foreign assistance in shaping land reform policies and programs, and highlights the importance of local knowledge and experiences in shaping effective land reform initiatives. It explores the role of international organizations and donor agencies in shaping land reform policies and programs, and highlights the importance of local knowledge and experiences in shaping effective land reform initiatives. It examines the role of international organizations and donor agencies in shaping land reform policies and programs, and highlights the importance of local knowledge and experiences in shaping effective land reform initiatives. It also offers a critical perspective on the role of international organizations and donor agencies in shaping land reform policies and programs, and highlights the importance of local knowledge and experiences in shaping effective land reform initiatives. This book is a valuable resource for anyone interested in the role of foreign assistance in shaping land reform policies and programs, and highlights the importance of local knowledge and experiences in shaping effective land reform initiatives.
The Agrarian Economies of Central and the Commonwealth of Independent States

Initially published in 1983, in association with the International Labour Organization (ILO), this book is about the meaning, relevance and process of agrarian reform in contemporary developing countries. It includes seven detailed case studies – one each in Ethiopia, Peru, China, Nicaragua, Iran, Kenya, India, and West Bengal (India). In all the cases, serious contemporary efforts were made to implement agrarian reform programmes and the case studies focus upon selected aspects of this reform process – origins, basic characteristics, problems of implementation and immediate consequences. Each region differs considerably in terms of socio-economic and administrative conditions, but when the reform efforts are placed in their respective historical contexts, several common themes commonly used by the large-scale acquisition of agricultural land in

The Politics of Agrarian Reform in Brazil

In the last two decades, Brazil has undergone rapid political and economic changes. The nation’s political landscape has been transformed by the rise of new social movements, the growing influence of the media, and the expansion of civil society. The book examines the political and social dimensions of these changes, focusing on the role of the Brazilian government in shaping agricultural policies and the impact of these policies on rural development. It analyses the impact of the agrarian reform programmes implemented in the country, and discusses the challenges faced by the government in implementing these policies. The book also examines the role of civil society organisations in the struggle for land rights and social justice.

Land Reform Revisited

Using empirical case materials from the Philippines and referring to three experiences from different countries historically, this book offers conceptual and practical conclusions that have far-reaching implications for land reform throughout the world. Part I reviews the agrarian reform theory and practice, this book argues that conventional practices have excluded a significant portion of land-based production and distribution relationships, while they have inadequately included land tenants that do not constitute real redistributive reform. By direct implication, this book is a critique of both mainstream market-led agrarian reform and conventional state-led land reform. It offers an alternative perspective on how to move forward in theory and practice and opens new paths in land policy research.

The Land Question in South Africa

Land Reform and Politics

Agrarian Reform In a Rural Poverty

Agrarian Reform in Russia

Content Description includes bibliographical references (p.).

Foreign assistance legislation for fiscal years 1988-89

Agrarian Reform in Contemporary Developing Countries

This book examines the history of reforms and major state interventions affecting Russian agriculture: the abolition of serfdom in 1861, the Stolypin reforms, the NEP, the Collectivization, Khrushchev reforms, and finally farm enterprise privatization in the early 1990s. It shows that the Stolypin reforms led to the emergence of a new rural class structure, while the NEP and the Collectivization resulted in the consolidation of the agricultural sector. The Khrushchev reforms marked a turning point in the history of Russian agriculture, leading to the rapid expansion of the state-owned sector. The privatization of farm enterprises in the early 1990s further contributed to the transformation of the agricultural sector. The book also discusses the impact of these reforms on the rural economy and society.

Peasants and Globalization

The Land Question in South Africa

The book examines the history of reforms and major state interventions affecting Russian agriculture: the abolition of serfdom in 1861, the Stolypin reforms, the NEP, the Collectivization, Khrushchev reforms, and finally farm enterprise privatization in the early 1990s. It shows that the Stolypin reforms led to the emergence of a new rural class structure, while the NEP and the Collectivization resulted in the consolidation of the agricultural sector. The Khrushchev reforms marked a turning point in the history of Russian agriculture, leading to the rapid expansion of the state-owned sector. The privatization of farm enterprises in the early 1990s further contributed to the transformation of the agricultural sector. The book also discusses the impact of these reforms on the rural economy and society.

The Politics of Agrarian Reform in Brazil

The Politics of Agrarian Reform in Brazil examines the internationalization among peasant mobilization, agrarian reform and cooperativism in contemporary Brazil. Specifically, it addresses the challenges facing peasant movements in their pursuit of political and economic democracy. The book takes as a point of reference the Landless Rural Workers Movement (MST), the most dynamic force for progressive social change in Latin America today. Robles and Vieira argue that the MST has effectively practiced the politics of land occupation and the politics of agricultural cooperation to consolidate the food sovereignty model of agrarian reform. However, the rapid expansion of the corporate-led agribusiness model, which is supported by Brazil’s political elites, has undermined the MST’s efforts. The authors argue that despite intense peasant mobilization, agrarian reform remains an unfulfilled political promise in Brazil.

Agricultural Reform in Russia

The book examines the history of reforms and major state interventions affecting Russian agriculture: the abolition of serfdom in 1861, the Stolypin reforms, the NEP, the Collectivization, Khrushchev reforms, and finally farm enterprise privatization in the early 1990s. It shows that the Stolypin reforms led to the emergence of a new rural class structure, while the NEP and the Collectivization resulted in the consolidation of the agricultural sector. The Khrushchev reforms marked a turning point in the history of Russian agriculture, leading to the rapid expansion of the state-owned sector. The privatization of farm enterprises in the early 1990s further contributed to the transformation of the agricultural sector. The book also discusses the impact of these reforms on the rural economy and society.

The Politics of Agrarian Reform in Brazil

The Politics of Agrarian Reform in Brazil examines the internationalization among peasant mobilization, agrarian reform and cooperativism in contemporary Brazil. Specifically, it addresses the challenges facing peasant movements in their pursuit of political and economic democracy. The book takes as a point of reference the Landless Rural Workers Movement (MST), the most dynamic force for progressive social change in Latin America today. Robles and Vieira argue that the MST has effectively practiced the politics of land occupation and the politics of agricultural cooperation to consolidate the food sovereignty model of agrarian reform. However, the rapid expansion of the corporate-led agribusiness model, which is supported by Brazil’s political elites, has undermined the MST’s efforts. The authors argue that despite intense peasant mobilization, agrarian reform remain...
Foreign Assistance Legislation for Fiscal Year

The rich empirical material presented in Land Reform Revisited engages with timely debates about land use, land reform, neoliberal state planning, power relations and questions of identity and belonging in post-apartheid South Africa.

Promised Land

A host of internationally eminent scholars are brought together here to explore the structural causes of rural poverty and income inequality, as well as the processes of social exclusion and political subordination encountered by the peasantry and rural workers across a wide range of countries. This volume examines the interaction of politics and economics and provides a critical analysis and framework for the study of neo-liberal land policies in the current phase of globalization. Utilizing new empirical evidence from ten countries, it provides an in-depth analysis of key country studies, a comparative analysis of agrarian reforms and their impact on rural poverty in Africa, Asia, Latin America and transition countries. Presenting an agrarian reform policy embedded in an appropriate development strategy, which is able to significantly reduce and hopefully eliminate rural poverty, this work is a key resource for postgraduate students studying in the areas of development economics, development studies and international political economy.

Agrarian Reform

Multilateral Agricultural Policy Reform

Agrarian Reform in Russia

Rural Change and Public Policy

We live in a world of wide pendulum swings regarding management policies for protected areas, particularly as they affect the involvement of local people in management. Such swings can be polarizing and halt on-the-ground progress. There is a need to find ways to protect biodiversity while creating common ground and building management capacity.